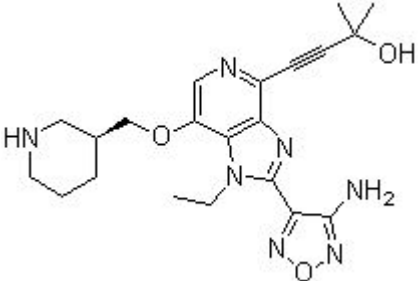


## Product Introduction

### GSK690693

GSK690693 is a pan-Akt inhibitor targeting Akt1/2/3 with IC<sub>50</sub> of 2 nM/13 nM/9 nM, also sensitive to the AGC kinase family: PKA, PrkX and PKC isozymes. Phase 1.

#### Technical Data:

<b>Molecular Weight (MW):</b>	425.48	
<b>Formula:</b>	C <sub>21</sub> H <sub>27</sub> N <sub>7</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	
<b>Solubility (25°C)</b>	DMSO 39 mg/mL	
<b>* &lt;1 mg/ml means slightly soluble or insoluble:</b>	Water <1 mg/mL	
	Ethanol <1 mg/mL	
<b>Purity:</b>	>98%	
<b>Storage:</b>	3 years -20°C Powder	
	6 months -80°C in DMSO	
<b>CAS No.:</b>	937174-76-0	

#### Biological Activity

GSK690693 is very selective for the Akt isoforms versus the majority of kinases in other families. However, GSK690693 is less selective for members of the AGC kinase family including PKA, PrkX, and PKC isozymes with IC<sub>50</sub> of 24 nM, 5 nM, and 2-21 nM, respectively. GSK690693 also potently inhibits AMPK and DAPK3 from the CAMK family with IC<sub>50</sub> of 50 nM and 81 nM, respectively, and PAK4, 5, and 6 from the STE family with IC<sub>50</sub> of 10 nM, 52 nM, and 6 nM, respectively. GSK690693 inhibits the phosphorylation of GSK3β in tumor cells with IC<sub>50</sub> ranging from 43 nM to 150 nM. GSK690693 treatment leads to a dose-dependent

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increase in the nuclear accumulation of the transcription factor FOXO3A. GSK690693 potently inhibits the proliferation of T47D, ZR-75-1, BT474, HCC1954, MDA-MB-453, and LNCaP cells with IC50 of 72 nM, 79 nM, 86 nM, 119 nM, 975 nM, and 147 nM, respectively. GSK690693 treatment induces apoptosis at concentrations >100 nM in both LNCaP and BT474 cells. [1] Consistent with the role of AKT in cell survival, GSK690693 induces apoptosis in sensitive ALL cell lines. [2]

A single administration of GSK690693 inhibits GSK3 $\beta$  phosphorylation in human breast carcinoma (BT474) xenografts in a dose- and time-dependent manner. Similarly, GSK690693 induces a reduction in phosphorylation of the Akt substrates, PRAS40, and FKHR/FKHRL1. GSK690693 also results in an acute increase in blood glucose, returning to baseline 8 to 10 hours after drug administration. Administration of GSK690693 induces reductions in phosphorylated Akt substrates in vivo, and potently inhibits the growth of human SKOV-3 ovarian, LNCaP prostate, and BT474 and HCC-1954 breast carcinoma xenografts, with maximal inhibition of 58% to 75% at the dose of 30 mg/kg/day. [1] GSK690693 exhibits efficacy irrespective of the mechanism of Akt activation involved. GSK690693 is most effective in delaying tumor progression in Lck-MyrAkt2 mice expressing a membrane-bound, constitutively active form of Akt. [3]

## References

- [1] Rhodes N, et al. *Cancer Res*, 2008, 68(7), 2366-2374.
- [2] Levy DS, et al. *Blood*, 2009, 113(8), 1723-1729.
- [3] Altomare DA, et al. *Clin Cancer Res*, 2010, 16(2), 486-496.



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